

Notation

General Conventions

a (lowercase boldface)	vector	\mathcal{L}^+	set of natural numbers
A (uppercase boldface)	matrix	\sum	sum
\mathcal{A} (script)	set	\prod	product
\mathbb{A} (double)	operator	(a, b)	open interval
a^* (asterisk)	complex conjugate	$[a, b]$	closed interval
A^\dagger (dagger)	adjoint	$ a $	absolute value of a
Re	real part	(\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{b})	inner product of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b}
Im	imaginary part	$\ \mathbf{a}\ $	norm of \mathbf{a}
Res	residue	(a_n)	vector with components a_n
\mathcal{C}	set of complex numbers	$\ A_{mn}\ $	matrix of elements A_{mn}
\mathcal{R}	set of real numbers	\in	is an element of
\mathcal{Z}	set of integer numbers	\equiv	is defined as
		\equiv	defines
		\Rightarrow	implies, only if
		\Leftarrow	is implied by, if

Symbol List

$\text{Ai}(z)$	Airy function of the first kind [Eqs. (B.24a), (B.24b)]
$\text{Bi}(z)$	Airy function of the second kind [Eqs. (B.24c), (B.24d)]
B	Bargmann transform matrix [Eqs. (9.55)]
\mathcal{B}_M	canonical transform of $\mathcal{L}^2(\mathcal{R})$ -space [p. 394]
$C_M(q', q)$	canonical transform integral kernel [Eqs. (9.8)]
\mathcal{C}_M	canonical transform operator [p. 382]

- $\mathcal{C}_\downarrow^\infty$ space of infinitely differentiable functions of fast decrease [p. 263]
- \mathbb{D}_a dilatation operator [Eq. (7.34)]
- $D_k(x)$ Dirichlet kernel [Eq. (4.19)]
- E_x multiplication by exponential operator [Eq. (7.29)]
- $\{f_n\}_{n=1}^N$ coordinates of vector $\mathbf{f} \in \mathcal{V}^N$ [Eq. (1.2)]
- $\{\hat{f}_n\}_{n=1}^N$ Fourier transforms of $\{f_n\}_{n=1}^N$ [Eq. (1.51)]
- $\{f_n\}_{n \in \mathbb{Z}}$ Fourier series coefficients of $f(x)$ [Eq. (4.17b)]
- $\hat{f}(p)$ Fourier transform of $f(q)$, $q \in \mathcal{R}$ [Eqs. (7.1)]
- $f^B(g')$ Bargmann transform of $f(q)$ [p. 399]
- $f^{BL}(s)$ bilateral Laplace transform of $f(q)$ [Eqs. (8.1)]
- $f_\sigma^{BM}(\lambda)$ bilateral Mellin transform of $f(q)$ [Eqs. (8.26)]
- $f^L(s)$ Laplace transform of $f(q)$ [Eqs. (8.9)]
- $f^M(\lambda)$ Mellin transform of $f(q)$ [Eqs. (8.29)]
- $f^M(q')$ M -canonical transform of $f(q)$ [Eq. (9.5)]
- $\hat{f}_c(p)$ Cauchy representation of $f(q)$ [Eq. (7.136)]
- $f_{a\infty}(q)$ function with support on $[a, \infty)$ [Eq. (7.125)]
- $\mathbf{f}(\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}) \mathbf{g}$ product relative to $\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$ -basis [p. 102]
- \mathbf{F} Fourier canonical transform matrix [Eq. (9.32)]
- $\mathbf{F} = \|F_{mn}\|$ Fourier (finite) transform matrix [Eq. (1.48)]
- $\mathbb{F}, \mathbb{F}^{-1}$ Fourier integral transform operator and its inverse [Eqs. (7.1)]
- $\mathbb{F}_{(N)}, \mathbb{F}_{(N)}^{-1}$ N -dimensional Fourier transform and its inverse [Eqs. (8.38)]
- $G^{\dots}(q, t)$ Green's function for a system
- $G_\omega(q)$ Gaussian bell function of width ω [Eq. (7.20)]
- $\mathbb{G}(t)$ time-evolution operator [finite lattice, p. 54; heat equation, p. 199; wave equation, p. 210]
- $\mathbb{G}_{\text{II}}(t)$ phase-space evolution operator [Eq. (2.113)]
- \mathbb{G}_ω Gaussian operator [Eq. (7.74)]
- $H_n(q)$ hermite polynomials [Eq. (7.192)]
- \mathbb{H}_{II} phase-space evolution generator [Eq. (2.107)]
- $\mathbb{H}_\mu, \mathbb{H}_\mu^{-1}$ Hankel transform operator and its inverse [Eqs. (8.83)]
- $\mathbb{H}_\mu^B, \mathbb{H}_\mu^{B-1}$ Hankel–Bochner transform operator and its inverse [Eqs. (8.66)]
- $\mathbb{H}^f, \mathbb{H}^l, \mathbb{H}^r, \mathbb{H}^h$ Schrödinger Hamiltonian operators for the free particle, linear potential, repulsive and attractive oscillator [Eqs. (9.34), (9.76)]
- I group of inhomogeneous linear canonical transformations [p. 420]
- $I_k(x)$ modified Bessel function [Eq. (B.18)]
- $\mathbb{I}_0(\mathbb{I}_0)$ inversion matrix (operator) [Eqs. (1.54), (1.82), and (4.41)]
- $\mathbb{I}_{\text{FP}(t)}$ time-evolution operator of the Fokker–Planck equation [Eq. (10.50)]

- $\mathbb{I}_{H(t)}$ time-evolution operator of the diffusion equation [p. 442]
 $\mathbb{I}\{\mathbf{M}, \boldsymbol{\xi}, z\}$ inhomogeneous linear canonical transform operator [Eqs. (10.7)]
 $\mathbb{I}_{\omega(t)}$ time-evolution operator generated by \mathbb{H}^ω [Eq. (10.46)]
 j_{mn} n th zero of $J_m(x)$ [Table B.1]
 $J_m(x)$ Bessel function [Appendix B]
 $\mathbb{J}_0, \mathbb{J}_1, \mathbb{J}_2, \mathbb{J}_\pm$ set of second-order differential operators [Eqs. (7.174), (9.34), (9.76), (10.37c)]
 $K_B(q', q)$ Bargmann reproducing kernel [Eq. (9.63)]
 $K_n(x)$ Macdonald function [Eq. (B.20)]
 $\mathbb{K}, \mathbb{C}, \mathbb{M}$ lattice interaction, damping, and mass operators [p. 51]
 \mathbb{L} Laplace transform matrix [Eq. (9.68)]
 $\mathbb{L}, \mathbb{L}^{-1}$ Laplace transform operator and its inverse [Eqs. (8.9)]
 $\mathbb{L}_B, \mathbb{L}_B^{-1}$ bilateral Laplace transform operator and its inverse [Eqs. (8.1)]
 $\mathcal{L}^2(\mathcal{I})$ space of (Lebesgue) square-integrable functions over the interval \mathcal{I} [p. 142 and 264]
 $\mathcal{L}_0^2(\mathcal{R})$ space of (Lebesgue) square-integrable functions which vanish at the boundary of a region \mathcal{R} [p. 222]
 $\mathcal{L}_\omega^2(\mathcal{I})$ space of (Lebesgue) square-integrable functions on $\mathcal{I} \subseteq \mathcal{R}$ with weight function $\omega(x)$ [p. 297]
 $\mathbb{M}, \mathbb{M}^{-1}$ Mellin transform operator and its inverse [Eqs. (8.29)]
 $\mathbb{M}_B, \mathbb{M}_B^{-1}$ bilateral Mellin transform operator and its inverse [Eqs. (8.26)]
 $N_m(x)$ Neumann function [Eq. (B.14)]
 p_\pm, q_\pm "cut" power functions [Eq. (7.202)]
 $\mathbf{P}_{(m)}^{(m)}$ permutation matrix [Eq. (1.45)]
 \mathbb{P} $-i$ times the differentiation operator (the quantum-mechanical momentum operator) [Eq. (7.56)]
 $\mathcal{P} \int$ principle value of an integral [Eq. (7.138)]
 \mathbb{Q} multiplication by argument operator [Eq. (7.55)]
 $R^{(\varepsilon, \eta)}(x)$ rectangle function of width ε and height η [Eqs. (4.24), (7.4)]
 $\mathbf{R}(\mathbb{R})$ rotation matrix (operator) [Eq. (1.81)]
 R_\square (hyper-) rectangular region [p. 223]
 R_\circ circular region [p. 230]
 R_∞ sectorial region [p. 240]
 R_\odot annular region [p. 243]
 S_{N-1} sphere in N dimensions [p. 363]
 $S^{(P, \eta)}(x)$ square wave of P pulses and height η [Eqs. (4.39)]
 $SL(2, \mathcal{R})$ group of unimodular 2×2 real matrices [p. 390]
 $\mathcal{S}_1, \mathcal{S}_2$ set of first- and second-order differential operators [p. 434]
 $T^h(x)$ triangle function of height h [Eq. (4.28)]
 \mathbb{T}_a translation operator [Eqs. (4.36a), (7.27)]
 \mathcal{U} set of unitary matrixes [p. 14]

- \mathcal{V}^N N -dimensional complex vector space [Sect. 1.1]
 W Heisenberg–Weyl group [p. 418]
 W_f equivalent width of $f(q)$ [Eqs. (4.69a), (7.222)]
 $W(t)$ Gauss–Weierstrass transform matrix [Eq. (9.67)]
 $\mathbb{W}(x, y, z)$ (Heisenberg–Weyl) \mathbb{W} transform operator [Eqs. (10.3)]
 Z^\dagger, Z harmonic oscillator raising and lowering operators [Eqs. (7.160)]
- $\Gamma(x)$ gamma function [Appendix A]
 $\mathbf{\Gamma}(g)$ 6×6 matrix representation of the inhomogeneous canonical transformation g [Eqs. (10.38)]
 $\delta(q)$ Dirac δ [Eqs. (4.79), (7.85)]
 $\delta^{(n)}(q)$ n th derivative of the Dirac δ [Eqs. (4.94), (7.87)]
 $\delta_y, y \in \mathcal{I}$ Dirac’s generalized basis [pp. 133, 183]
 $\delta_{m,n}$ Kronecker δ [Eq. (1.6)]
 Δ_f dispersion of $f(q)$ [Eq. (7.217)]
 Δ matrix representative of Δ in the ε -basis [Eq. (1.60)]
 $\tilde{\Delta}$ matrix representative of Δ in the φ -basis [Eq. (1.62)]
 Δ second-difference operator [p. 21]
 $\{\varepsilon_n\}_{n=1}^N$ basis for \mathcal{V}^N [Sect. 1.1]
 $\varepsilon^m(t)$ lattice fundamental solutions [Eqs. (2.41), (2.42)]
 $\theta(x, t)$ (Jacobi) theta function [Eq. (4.64)]
 $\Theta(q)$ Heaviside theta function [Eq. (7.89)]
 $\Theta_\varepsilon(q)$ causal exponentially damped function [Eq. (7.123)]
 $\nu_M(q, q^*)$ weight function for the \mathbb{C}_M transform space [Eq. (9.47)]
 $\Upsilon_c(q)$ coherent states [Eqs. (7.188)]
 $\{\varphi_n\}_{n=1}^N$ finite Fourier transform basis [Eqs. (1.52)]
 $\varphi^m(t)$ lattice normal modes [Eqs. (2.46)]
 $\varphi_n(x)$ imaginary exponential functions [Eq. (4.9)]
 $\varphi_n(x, t)$ vibrating string normal modes [Eqs. (5.31)]
 $\varphi_n^y(t)$ infinite lattice normal modes [Eqs. (5.52)]
 $\varphi_{n_1, n_2}(x_1, x_2, t)$ rectangular membrane normal modes [Eq. (6.12)]
 $\varphi_{mn}^\circ(r, \phi, t)$ circular membrane normal modes [Eq. (6.27)]
 $\varphi_{mn}^\diamond(r, \phi, t)$ sectorial membrane normal modes [Eq. (6.34)]
 $\chi_\lambda^\pm(q)$ repulsive oscillator wave functions [Eqs. (7.203)]
 $\Psi_n(q), \Psi_n^h(q)$ harmonic oscillator wave functions [Eq. (7.166)]
 $\Psi_\lambda^{\cdot, H}(q, t)$ time evolution of $\Psi_\lambda(q)$ under the diffusion equation [Eqs. (10.27), (10.28), (10.32), (10.33)]
 Ω symplectic 2×2 metric matrix [Eqs. (10.8), (10.39) *et seq.*]
 Ω^ω class of operators in the same orbit as \mathbb{H}^ω [Eq. (10.40)].
 $(\pi(m))$ permutation [p. 14]
 ∇ differentiation operator
 ∇^2, Δ Laplacian operator